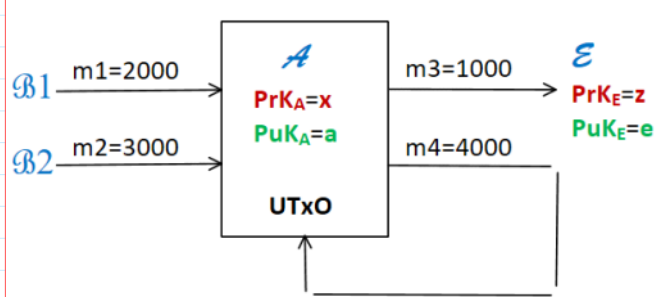


Actors: \mathcal{B}_1 \mathcal{B}_2 Alice Emily Net Audit Authority - AA
 Public Parameters $PP = (p, g)$; $p=268435019$; $g=2$;

Alice
PrK= x ; **PuK**= a .
 >> $x = \text{int64}(\text{randi}(p-1))$
 $x = 125777467$
 >> $a = \text{mod_exp}(g, x, p)$
 $a = 233074861$

Emily
PrK= z ; **PuK**= e .
 >> $z = \text{int64}(\text{randi}(p-1))$
 $z = 139168670$
 >> $e = \text{mod_exp}(g, z, p)$
 $e = 256500680$

AA
PrK= u ; **PuK**= v .
 >> $u = \text{int64}(\text{randi}(p-1))$
 $u = 107550077$
 >> $v = \text{mod_exp}(g, u, p)$
 $v = 19235345$

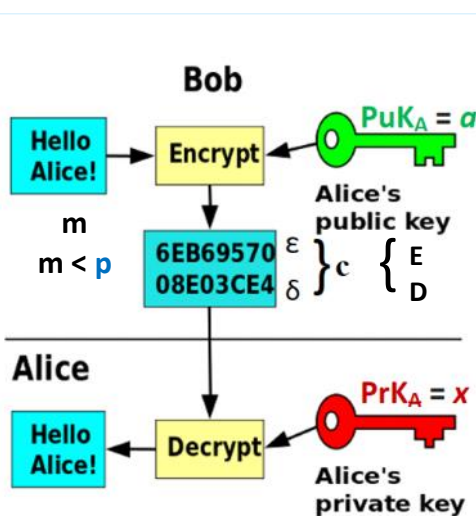


$UT_x \delta$

A: $\text{Enc}(e, i_3, m_3) = cE$ -----> $\text{Dec}(z, cE) = m_3$

AA: $\text{Enc}(v, i_3, m_3) = cAA$ -----> $\text{Dec}(u, cAA) = m_3$

Q1. How *AA* and *Net* should know that sums transferred from *A* to them are the same, i.e. equal to m_3 since cE can not be decrypted neither by *AA* nor by *Net* since they do not know *E*'s **PrKA** For decryption.



B:
 $\text{Enc}(a, i, m) = c = (E, D)$
 $i \leftarrow \text{randi}(p-1)$
 $E = m * a^i \text{ mod } p$
 $D = g^i \text{ mod } p$

```
>> m=5000;
>> i = int64(randi(p-1))
i = 62634864
>> a_i=mod_exp(a,i,p)
a_i = 216885678
>> E=mod(m*a_i,p)
E = 219348259
>> D=mod_exp(g,i,p)
D = 179010250
```

A:
 $\text{Dec}(x, c) = m$
 $D^{(-x) \text{ mod } (p-1)} \text{ mod } p = D'$
 $E * D' \text{ mod } p = m$
 $(-x) \text{ mod } (p-1) = (p-1-x)$

```
>> mx = mod(-x,p-1)
ans = 198691311
>> mod(x+mx,p-1)
ans = 0
>> D_mx=mod_exp(D,mx,p)
D_mx = 162923742 % D_mx=D'
mm = mod(E*D_mx,p)
>> mm = mod(E*D_mx,p)
mm = 5000
```

$i_3 \leftarrow \text{randi}$

$$i_3 \leftarrow \text{randi}$$

$$C_{AA} = (E_{AA}, D_{AA}) = (m_3 * v^{i_3} \text{ mod } p, g^{i_3} \text{ mod } p)$$

$$C_E = (E_E, D_E) = (m_3 * e^{i_3} \text{ mod } p, g^{i_3} \text{ mod } p)$$

Property:

$$\frac{E_{AA}}{E_E} = \frac{m_3 * v^{i_3} \text{ mod } p}{m_3 * e^{i_3} \text{ mod } p} = \frac{v^{i_3} \text{ mod } p}{e^{i_3} \text{ mod } p} = (v/e)^{i_3} \text{ mod } p = d^{i_3} \text{ mod } p$$

Public keys ratio is denoted by $d = (v/e) \text{ mod } p$ that is known to AA and all Net.

Schnorr Identification: Zero Knowledge Proof - ZKP

Schnorr Id Scenario: Alice wants to prove AA and Net that she knows her i_3 which is an exponent of Publicly known parameter $d = (v/e) \text{ mod } p$ and ratio of ciphertexts $E_{AA}/E_E \text{ mod } p$.

Alice: ZKP of knowledge i_3 :

having a data:

$$d = (v/e) \text{ mod } p$$

$$E_{AA}/E_E \text{ mod } p$$

1. Computes commitment

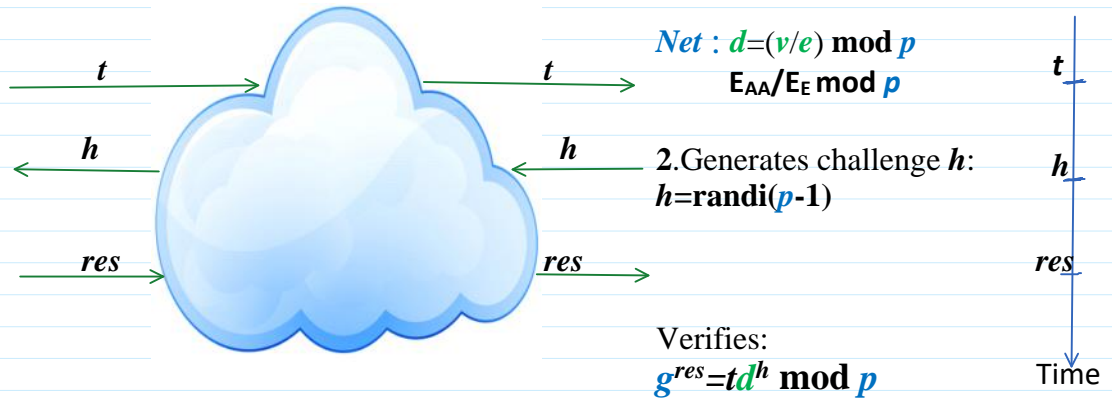
t for i_3 :

$$l = \text{randi}(p-1)$$

$$t = g^l \text{ mod } p$$

3. Computes response res :

$$res = l + i_3 * h \text{ mod } p - 1$$



Correctness:

$$d^{res} \text{ mod } p = d^{l+i_3*h} \text{ mod } p = d^l d^{i_3*h} \text{ mod } p = t(d^{i_3})^h \text{ mod } p = t(E_{AA}/E_E)^h \text{ mod } p$$

When a, e and Public Parameters $PP = (p, g)$ are given, Net having a, e computes $d = (a/e) \text{ mod } p$.

Then the verification is performed by Net verifying equation

$$d^{res} = t d^h \text{ mod } p$$

Q2. How to prove the ciphertexts equivalency to the millions of Net nodes?

Schnorr digital signature helps.

$$A: \text{Sign}(i_3, E_{AA}/E_E) = \sigma = (r, s)$$

$$l \leftarrow \text{randi}(p-1)$$

$$r = d^l \text{ mod } p$$

$$h = H(r || (E_{AA}/E_E))$$

$$s = l + i_3 * h \text{ mod } p$$

Net: verifies signature with known (public) param.

$$(E_{AA}/E_E)$$

$$\text{Ver}(\sigma, (E_{AA}/E_E)) = \{T, F\}$$

$$d^s \text{ mod } p = r * (E_{AA}/E_E)^h \text{ mod } p$$

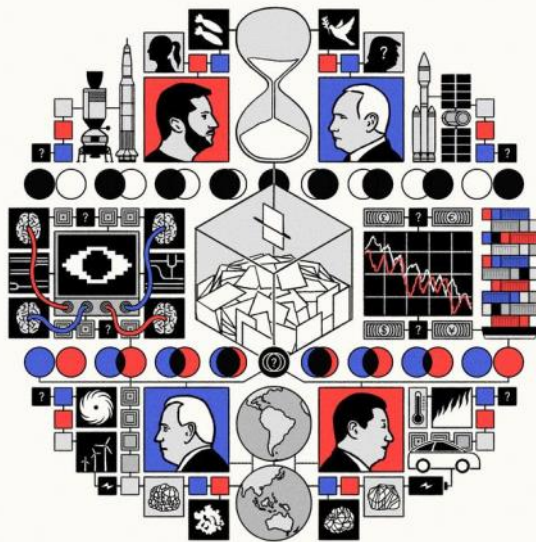
$$d = r + i3 * h \text{ mod } p$$

$$d^s \text{ mod } p = r * (E_{AA}/E_A)^h \text{ mod } p$$

correctness:

$$d^s \text{ mod } p = d^{r+i3*h} \text{ mod } p = d^r * d^{i3*h} \text{ mod } p = r * (d^{i3})^h \text{ mod } p = r * (E_{AA}/E_A)^h \text{ mod } p.$$

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